INTS 100: Introduction to International Relations Rhodes College, Fall 2009 (CRN 10306 – Section 4)

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"With many sovereign states, with no system of law enforceable among them, with each state judging its grievances and ambitions according to the dictates of its own reason or desire – conflict, sometimes leading to war, is bound to occur. To achieve a favorable outcome from such conflict, a state has to rely upon its own devices, the relative efficiency of which must be a constant concern."

> Kenneth Waltz Man, The State, and War

Course Overview

This course provides an introduction to the study of international relations. As an academic subject, international relations is comprised of two major sub-fields: international relations (which involves studying the nature of relationships between nation-states, particularly with regard to conflict and cooperation) and international political economy (which focuses on global economic relations). The goal for the course is to improve your abilities to analyze and understand past, contemporary, and future world politics. We will pay particular attention to historical, theoretical and institutional foundations and also discuss contemporary issues. Since events absorbing our attention today may be well forgotten tomorrow, concepts that are useful in probing a broad range of international political activity will be emphasized.

Course Readings

The assigned reading material will play a prominent role in the lectures, class discussions, the examinations and, ultimately, your learning. It is very important that you keep up with the reading assignments throughout the semester. The three required texts for the course are available in the campus bookstore. The first text, *A World of Nations: The International Order Since 1945*, by William Keylor, provides a useful historical foundation of major world events over the past half century. Second, Robert Jackson and Georg Sorensen's, *Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches* introduces several of the main paradigms (or theoretical frameworks) used in the study of international relations. An understanding of such paradigms is critical for all students of one of the leading scholars of international relations on the globalization of the world economy and its implications.

In addition to the texts, other required readings are available at the one of three sources. First, several readings have been placed on a two-hour reserve at the circulation desk of the Paul Barret Library. A Rhodes-ID card is needed to borrow such readings. Second, additional course readings can be found using library databases such as *ProQuest Research Library* via the Barret Library home page. Third, on occasion students may find useful course materials on the college fileserver named: Acad_Dept_Pgm (Academic Departments and Programs). This fileserver can be accessed at:

\\fileserver1\Acad_Dept_Pgm\Intl_Stu\Ceccoli_Stephen\Public. Finally, please see me if you are interested in other supplementary materials or if you are having difficulty keeping up with the reading.

Required Texts

- Robert Gilpin, *Global Political Economy: Understanding the International Economic Order*, Princeton University Press, 2001.
- Robert Jackson and Georg Sorensen, *Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches*, 3rd edition, Oxford University, 2007.
- William Keylor, *A World of Nations: The International Order Since 1945*, 2nd ed. Oxford Univ. Press, 2009.

Course Requirements

The final grade for the course will be determined by several sources. There will be two mid-term exams (September 30 and November 4) and one final exam (December 15). The mid-term exams will include a combination of in-class and take home components. Students are also required to complete two short (roughly 4-5 typed, double-spaced pages) essays. Specific details for all writing assignments will be provided at a later time. (Note: I will gladly review and return comments on any of the short essays that are submitted at least five days prior to the due date.) Attendance and participation in class are very important. Students are expected to come to class prepared to discuss the readings and explore related questions. As part of satisfactorily fulfilling the attendance and participation component of the course, all students are required to attend two campus lectures (on a theme related to international relations) during the semester and submit a one page, single-spaced reflection of the lecture within one week of the lecture. Finally, an occasional quiz over the daily reading assignment may contribute to the participation component of the course.

In addition to your written assignments, the Department of International Studies requires the successful completion of a world map test, which involves identifying the 192 member countries of the United Nations. All students will take a map test in class on October 16 and are required to score 90% or higher to pass. If a 90% score is not achieved on this date, students must retake the exam (to be scheduled individually with your instructor) until a score of 90% or higher is achieved. The grade of the first map exam will be the student's grade for the assignment. Students who do not pass this exam by the last day of classes (December 9) will not be allowed to take the final exam (and will receive a grade of 0 for the final exam). Review maps and a master list of the 192 countries are available for download on the Academic Departments and Programs fileserver and I would be happy to provide other map resources upon request. Though specific details regarding the map test will be available at a later date, students are encouraged to begin thinking about and studying for the map test as early as possible. Also, please note that since we will not devote much classroom time to review the maps in advance of the map test, preparing for the map test is solely an individual responsibility.

Your final grade for the course will be derived as follows:

Two Midterm Exams (40%)	Final Exam (20%)	Two Essays (20%)
Map Test (10%)	Attendance and Participation (10%)	

Course Objectives

Students should keep in mind that this is an introductory course and that we will attempt to follow an ambitious schedule. Your instructor firmly believes that there is virtue in flexibility, however. I will adjust the course schedule to meet the pace of the class if or when necessary. I have identified the following objectives for the course:

1.) Develop a solid understanding of several conceptual frameworks (or paradigms) used in the analysis of world politics;

- 2.) Gain a greater appreciation for the historical underpinnings of twentieth century world events;
- 3.) Improve knowledge of world geography and geopolitics;
- 4.) Enhance critical thinking and effective writing skills; and
- 5.) Gain a broader understanding of international relations and international political economy as fields of inquiry.

Guidelines

- Excessive (as determined by the instructor) absences may result in a diminished (or failing) course grade.
- Each student (including those taking the class pass/fail) must complete all assignments.
- All work should be completed on time. Late work will not be accepted.
- All students will adhere to the College's Honor Code.
- The instructor will be happy to discuss individual student progress at any time.

Course Schedule

Day	Date	Topic / Reading Assignment / Assignment
Wednesday	August 26	Course Introduction; Overview of International Studies
		What is International Relations (IR)? Why Study IR?
Friday	28	Jackson and Sorensen, Ch. 1
		Levels of Analysis
Monday	31	Jackson and Sorenson, pp. 223-237
		Sovereignty
Wednesday	September 2	Jackson and Sorenson, pp. 265-277
		Studying IR, A Case Study: The Role of Nuclear Weapons
		Reserve Article: I. Daalder & J. Lodal – The Logic of Zero
Friday	4	(ProQuest – Foreign Affairs, 2008)
Monday	7	Labor Day Holiday – No Class
•		Approaches to IR (1): Realism; Realist Assumptions & Variants
Wednesday	9	Jackson and Sorensen, Ch. 3
*		The Security Dilemma
		Reserve Article: Kenneth Waltz, Int'l Conflict and Int'l Anarchy
Friday	11	Res. Article: R. Jervis, Cooperation Under the Security Dilemma
•		Geopolitics
		Reserve Article: R. Kaplan – Center Stage for the 21 st Century
Monday	14	(ProQuest – Foreign Affairs, 2009)
		The Emergence of the Cold War
		Keylor, pp. 1-37
		Q: How would a realist interpret the emergence of the Cold War?
Wednesday	16	Note: Extended Drop Period Ends; Pass/Fail Option Ends
		Approaches to IR (2): Liberalism; Liberal Assumptions and Variants
Friday	18	Jackson & Sorensen, Ch. 4
		Creating International Regimes: Bretton Woods, UN, NATO
		Gilpin, pp. 77-92
Monday	21	Keylor, pp. 37-45
		The United Nations
		Reserve Article: Baehr and Gordenker – Charter and Structure of
Wednesday	23	the UN & Membership and Decision-Making (Library Reserve)
		The Political Economy of Regional Integration
Friday	25	Gilpin, Ch. 13
		The Emergence of the European Union
		Keylor, pp. 55-57; 65-69; 156-170
Monday	28	Q: How would the liberal paradigm explain the E.U.?

Approaches to IR (3): Soc	
Friday October 2 Jackson & Sorensen, G	Ch. 6
Ethnic Conflict in the Bal	kans
Monday 5 Keylor, pp. 70-79	
Decline of the Soviet Unit	on and Its Satellites
Wednesday 7 Keylor, pp. 136-149	
The U.S. and Cuba: A Lo	ng-Running Conflict
Friday 9 Keylor, pp. 183-208	
Inter-American Relations	
Keylor, pp. 208-231	
	ructivist paradigm explain ethnic conflict in
	entation and Inter-American relations?
Inter-American Relations	
	ing in Latin America – J. Castaneda
Wednesday 14 (ProQuest – Foreign A	ffairs, 2009)
Friday 16 Map Test	
Monday 19 Fall break – No Class	
	n, Institutionalism, and Constructivism to
Explain the Arab-Israeli C	
Wednesday 21 Keylor, pp. 355-71	
The Arab-Israeli Conflict	(cont.)
Keylor, 371-87; 401-4	
Friday 23 First Essay Due	
	lution, and the Islamic Republic
Monday 26 Keylor, 387-393; 399-	
	lution, and the Islamic Republic (cont.)
Reserve Reading: M. M	
Wednesday 28 (ProQuest – Foreign Af	fairs, 2009)
Iraq: The Gulf War and be	eyond
Keylor, 393-399	
Friday 30 Withdraw Period Ends	
Iraq: A New U.S. Strategy	
Reserve Reading: R. Ha	as and M. Indyck - Beyond Iraq: A New
	le East (ProQuest – Foreign Affairs, 2009)
Wednesday 4 Second Exam	
Leading Approaches to th	e Study of International Political Economy
Friday 6 Jackson and Sorensen,	Ch. 7
Neoclassical Economics a	and the Nature of the Market
Monday 9 Gilpin, Ch. 3	
Hegemonic Stability Theo	ory
Jackson and Sorensen,	
Wednesday 11 Gilpin, pp. 93-102	
Development and Underd	evelopment
Friday 13 Jackson and Sorensen,	
Africa and International R	Relations
Monday 16 Keylor, pp. 413-427	
Africa (cont.)	
	yman and K. Robinette – Obama and
Africa: Matching E	Apecutions with Reality
	al of International Affairs, 2009)
Wednesday 18 (ProQuest – Journa	
Wednesday 18 (ProQuest – Journa	al of International Affairs, 2009) Kapstein – Africa's Capitalist Revolution

		International Trade: Free Trade vs. Protectionism
Friday	20	Gilpin, pp. 196-217
111000		International Trade: Postwar Trade Regime and the WTO
Monday	23	Gilpin, pp. 217-233
W, F	25, 27	Thanksgiving Recess – No Class
, -		The Chinese Civil War and the Korean War
		Keylor, pp. 232-257
Monday	30	Second Essay Due
		The Normalization of U.S. – Sino Relations
Wednesday	December 2	Keylor, pp. 267-288
		Contemporary U.SSino Relations: The China Challenge
		Reserve Article: F. Bergsten – A Partnership of Equals (ProQuest
		– Foreign Affairs, 2008)
		Reserve Article: Y. Funabashi – Keeping Up with Asia
		(ProQuest – Foreign Affairs, 2008)
Friday	4	Q: How do the leading IR paradigms explain U.SSino relations?
		The Debate over Globalization: What are the key debates?
		Gilpin, Ch. 14
Monday	7	Keylor, pp. 449-459
•		Ecopolitics
Wednesday	9	Reserve Article: G. Hardin, The Tragedy of the Commons
Thursday	December 10	Reading Day
Tuesday	December 15	Final examination 8:30 – 11:00 a.m.